

New!

# Model 52751

## 2-Channel 500 MHz A/D with DDC, DUC with 2-Channel 800 MHz D/A and a Virtex-7 FPGA - 3U VPX



Model 52751 commercial (left) and rugged version



### Features

- Complete radar and software radio interface solution
- Supports Xilinx Virtex-7 VXT FPGAs
- GateXpress supports dynamic FPGA reconfiguration across PCIe
- Two 500 MHz 12-bit A/Ds
- Two multiband DDCs (digital downconverters)
- One DUC (digital upconverter)
- Two 800 MHz 16-bit D/As
- 4 GB of DDR3 SDRAM
- Sample clock synchronization to external system reference
- LVPECL clock/sync bus for multiboard synchronization
- PCI Express (Gen. 1, 2 & 3) interface up to x4
- Optional user-configurable gigabit serial interface
- Optional LVDS connections to the FPGA for custom I/O
- Optional 400 MHz 14-bit A/Ds
- 3U VPX form factor provides a compact, rugged platform
- Compatible with several VITA standards including: VITA-46, VITA-48 and VITA-65 (OpenVPX™ System Specification)

### General Information

Model 52751 is a member of the Onyx® family of high performance 3U VPX boards based on the Xilinx Virtex-7 FPGA. A two-channel, high-speed data converter with a programmable DDC, it is suitable for connection to HF or IF ports of a communications or radar system. Its built-in data capture and playback features offer an ideal turnkey solution.

The 52751 includes two A/Ds, two D/As and four banks of memory. It features built-in support for PCI Express over the 3U VPX backplane.

### The Onyx Architecture

Based on the proven design of the Pentek Cobalt family, Onyx raises the processing performance with the new flagship family of Virtex-7 FPGAs from Xilinx. As the central feature of the board architecture, the FPGA has access to all data and control paths, enabling factory-installed functions including data multiplexing, channel selection, data packing, gating, triggering and memory control. The Onyx Architecture organizes the FPGA as a container for data processing applications where each function exists as an intellectual property (IP) module.

Each member of the Onyx family is delivered with factory-installed applications ideally matched to the board's analog interfaces. The 52751 factory-installed functions include two A/D acquisition and a D/A waveform playback IP modules. Each of the two acquisition IP modules contains a powerful, programmable DDC IP core. The waveform playback IP module contains an interpolation IP core, ideal for matching playback rates

to the data and decimation rates of the acquisition modules. IP modules for DDR3 memories, a controller for all data clocking and synchronization functions, a test signal generator, and a PCIe interface complete the factory-installed functions and enable the 52751 to operate as a complete turnkey solution, without the need to develop any FPGA IP.

### Extendable IP Design

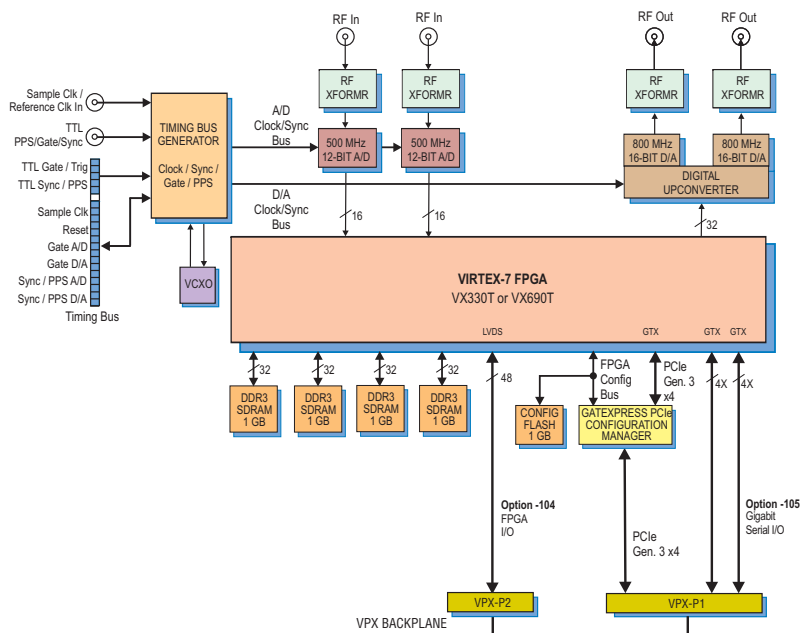
For applications that require specialized function, users can install their own custom IP for data processing. Pentek GateFlow FPGA Design Kits include all of the factory-installed modules as documented source code. Developers can integrate their own IP with the Pentek factory-installed functions or use the GateFlow kit to completely replace the Pentek IP with their own.

### Xilinx Virtex-7 FPGA

The Virtex-7 FPGA site can be populated with one of two FPGAs to match the specific requirements of the processing task. Supported FPGAs are VX330T or VX690T. The VX690T features 3600 DSP48E1 slices and is ideal for modulation/demodulation, encoding/decoding, encryption/decryption, and channelization of the signals between transmission and reception. For applications not requiring large DSP resources or logic, the lower-cost VX330T can be installed.

Option -104 provides 24 pairs of LVDS connections between the FPGA and the VPX P2 connector for custom I/O.

Option -105 provides one 8X or two 4X gigabit links between the FPGA and the VPX P1 connector to support serial protocols. ➤



**A/D Acquisition IP Modules**

The 52751 features two A/D Acquisition IP Modules for easily capturing and moving data. Each module can receive data from either of the two A/Ds, a test signal generator or from the D/A Waveform Playback IP Module in loopback mode.

Each IP module has an associated memory bank for buffering data in FIFO mode or for storing data in transient capture mode. All memory banks are supported with DMA engines for easily moving A/D data through the PCIe interface.

These powerful linked-list DMA engines are capable of a unique Acquisition Gate Driven mode. In this mode, the length of a transfer performed by a link definition need not be known prior to data acquisition; rather, it is governed by the length of the acquisition gate. This is extremely useful in applications where an external gate drives acquisition and the exact length of that gate is not known or is likely to vary.

For each transfer, the DMA engine can automatically construct metadata packets containing A/D channel ID, a sample-accurate time stamp and data length information. These actions simplify the host processor's job of identifying and executing on the data.

**DDC IP Cores**

Within each A/D Acquisition IP Module is a powerful DDC IP core. Because of the flexible input routing of the A/D Acquisition IP Modules, many different configurations can be achieved including one A/D driving both DDCs or each of the two A/Ds driving its own DDC.

Each DDC has an independent 32-bit tuning frequency setting that ranges from DC to  $f_s$ , where  $f_s$  is the A/D sampling

frequency. Each DDC can have its own unique decimation setting, supporting as many as two different output bandwidths for the board. Decimations can be programmed from 2 to 131,072 providing a wide range to satisfy most applications.

The decimating filter for each DDC accepts a unique set of user-supplied 16-bit coefficients. The 80% default filters deliver an output bandwidth of  $0.8 \cdot f_s / N$ , where N is the decimation setting. The rejection of adjacent-band components within the 80% output bandwidth is better than 100 dB. Each DDC delivers a complex output stream consisting of 24-bit I + 24-bit Q or 16-bit I + 16-bit Q samples at a rate of  $f_s / N$ .

**D/A Waveform Playback IP Module**

The Model 52751 factory-installed functions include a sophisticated D/A Waveform Playback IP module. A linked-list controller allows users to easily play back to the dual D/As waveforms stored in either on-board memory or off-board host memory.

Parameters including length of waveform, delay from playback trigger, waveform repetition, etc. can be programmed for each waveform.

Up to 64 individual link entries can be chained together to create complex waveforms with a minimum of programming.

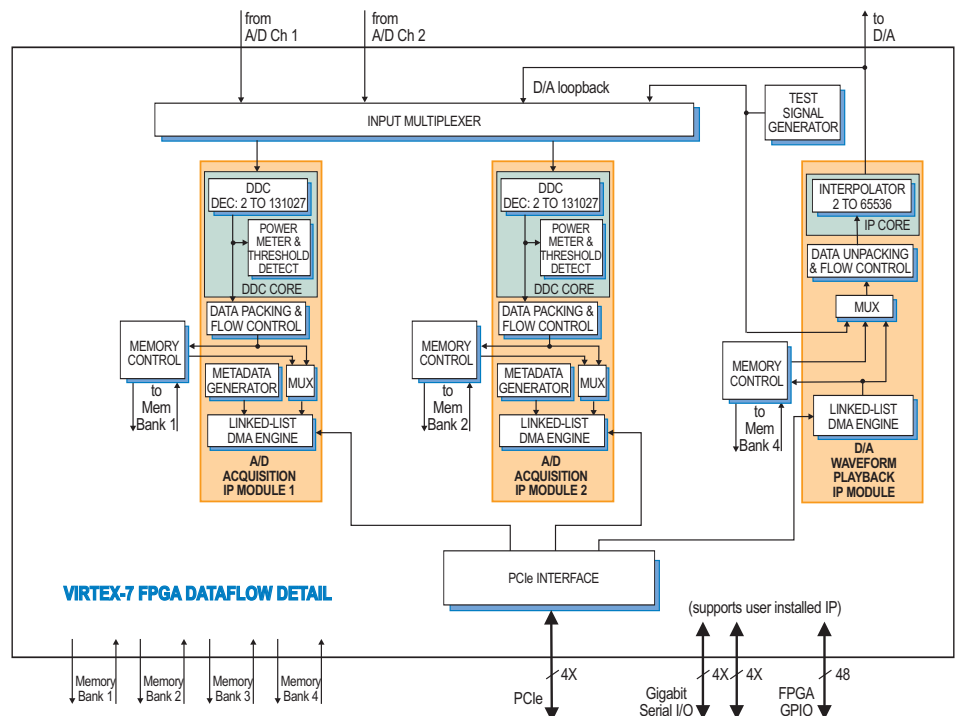
**GateXpress for FPGA Configuration**

The Onyx architecture includes GateXpress, a sophisticated FPGA-PCIe configuration manager for loading and reloading the FPGA. At power up, GateXpress immediately presents a PCIe target for the host computer to discover, effectively giving the FPGA time to load from FLASH. This is especially important for larger FPGAs where the loading times can exceed the PCIe discovery window, typically 100 msec on most PCs.

The board's configuration FLASH can hold four FPGA images. Images can be factory-installed IP or custom IP created by the user, and programmed into the FLASH via JTAG using Xilinx iMPACT or through the board's PCIe interface. At power up the user can choose which image will load based on a hardware switch setting.

Once booted, GateXpress allows the user three options for dynamically reconfiguring the FPGA with a new IP image. The first is the option to load an alternate image from FLASH through software control. The user selects the desired image and issues a reload command.

The second option is for applications where the FPGA image must be loaded directly through the PCIe interface. This is important in security situations where there can be no latent user image left in nonvolatile memory when power is removed. In applications where the FPGA IP may need to change many times during the course



► of a mission, images can be stored on the host computer and loaded through PCIe as needed.

The third option, typically used during development, allows the user to directly load the FPGA through JTAG using Xilinx iMPACT.

In all three FPGA loading scenarios, GateXpress handles the hardware negotiation simplifying and streamlining the loading task. In addition, GateXpress preserves the PCIe configuration space allowing dynamic FPGA reconfiguration without needing to reset the host computer to rediscover the board. After the reload, the host simply continues to see the board with the expected device ID.

### A/D Converter Stage

The front end accepts two analog HF or IF inputs on front panel SSMC connectors with transformer coupling into two Texas Instruments ADS5463 500 MHz, 12-bit A/D converters. Optionally, a Texas Instruments ADS5474 400 MHz, 14-bit A/D may be installed.

The digital outputs are delivered into the Virtex-6 FPGA for signal processing, data capture and for routing to other board resources.

### Digital Upconverter and D/A Stage

A TI DAC5688 DUC (digital upconverter) and D/A accepts a baseband real or complex data stream from the FPGA and provides that input to the upconvert, interpolate and dual D/A stages.

When operating as a DUC, it interpolates and translates real or complex baseband input signals to any IF center frequency up to 360 MHz. It delivers real or quadrature (I+Q) analog outputs to the dual 16-bit D/A converter. Analog output is through a pair of front panel SSMC connectors.

If translation is disabled, the DAC5688 acts as a dual interpolating 16-bit D/A with output sampling rates up to 800 MHz. In both modes the DAC5688 provides interpolation factors of 2x, 4x and 8x. In addition to the DAC5688, an FPGA based interpolator core provides additional interpolation from 2x to 65,536x. The two interpolators can be combined to create a total range from 2x to 524,288x.

### Clocking and Synchronization

Two internal timing buses provide either a single clock or two different clock rates to the A/D and D/A signal paths.

Each timing bus includes a clock, sync and a gate or trigger signal. An on-board clock generator receives an external sample

clock from the front panel SSMC connector. This clock can be used directly for either the A/D or D/A sections or can be divided by a built-in clock synthesizer circuit to provide different A/D and D/A clocks. In an alternate mode, the sample clock can be sourced from an on-board programmable VCXO (Voltage-Controlled Crystal Oscillator). In this mode, the front panel SSMC connector can be used to provide a 10 MHz reference clock for synchronizing the internal oscillator.

A front panel 26-pin LVPECL Clock/Sync connector allows multiple boards to be synchronized. In the slave mode, it accepts LVPECL inputs that drive the clock, sync and gate signals. In the master mode, the LVPECL bus can drive the timing signals for synchronizing multiple boards.

Multiple 52751's can be driven from the LVPECL bus master, supporting synchronous sampling and sync functions across all connected boards.

### Memory Resources

The 52751 architecture supports four independent DDR3 SDRAM memory banks. Each bank is 1 GB deep and is an integral part of the board's DMA capabilities, providing FIFO memory space for creating DMA packets. Built-in memory functions include multichannel A/D data capture, tagging and streaming.

In addition to the factory-installed functions, custom user-installed IP within the FPGA can take advantage of the memories for many other purposes.

### PCI Express Interface

The Model 52751 includes an industry-standard interface fully compliant with PCI Express Gen. 1, 2 and 3\* bus specifications. Supporting PCIe links up to x4, the interface includes multiple DMA controllers for efficient transfers to and from the board. ►

\* Gen 3 requires a compatible backplane and SBC

► Specifications

Front Panel Analog Signal Inputs

**Input Type:** Transformer-coupled, front panel female SSMC connectors  
**Transformer Type:** Coil Craft WBC4-6TLB  
**Full Scale Input:** +5 dBm into 50 ohms  
**3 dB Passband:** 300 kHz to 700 MHz

A/D Converters (standard)

**Type:** Texas Instruments ADS5463  
**Sampling Rate:** 20 MHz to 500 MHz  
**Resolution:** 12 bits

A/D Converters (option -014)

**Type:** Texas Instruments ADS5474  
**Sampling Rate:** 20 MHz to 400 MHz  
**Resolution:** 14 bits

Digital Downconverters

**Quantity:** Two channels  
**Decimation Range:** 2x to 131,072x in two programmable stages of 2x to 256x and one fixed 2x stage  
**LO Tuning Freq. Resolution:** 32 bits, 0 to  $f_s$   
**LO SFDR:** >120 dB  
**Phase Offset Resolution:** 32 bits, 0 to 360 degrees  
**FIR Filter:** 16-bit coefficients, 24-bit output, with user programmable coefficients  
**Default Filter Set:** 80% bandwidth, <0.3 dB passband ripple, >100 dB stopband attenuation

D/A Converters

**Type:** Texas Instruments DAC5688  
**Input Data Rate:** 250 MHz max.  
**Output IF:** DC to 400 MHz max.  
**Output Signal:** 2-channel real or 1-channel with frequency translation  
**Output Sampling Rate:** 800 MHz max. with 2x, 4x or 8x interpolation  
**Resolution:** 16 bits

Digital Interpolator

**Interpolation Range:** 2x to 65,536x in two stages of 2x to 256x

Total Interpolation Range (D/A and Digital combined): 2x to 524,288x

Front Panel Analog Signal Outputs

**Output:** Transformer-coupled, front panel female SSMC connectors  
**Transformer:** Coil Craft WBC4-6TLB  
**Full Scale Output:** +4 dBm into 50 ohms  
**3 dB Passband:** 300 kHz to 700 MHz

**Sample Clock Sources:** On-board clock synthesizer generates two clocks: one A/D clock and one D/A clock

Clock Synthesizer

**Clock Source:** Selectable from on-board programmable VCXO (10 to 810 MHz), front panel external clock or LVPECL timing bus

**Synchronization:** VCXO can be locked to an external 4 to 180 MHz PLL system reference, typically 10 MHz

**Clock Dividers:** External clock or VCXO can be divided by 1, 2, 4, 8, or 16, independently for the A/D clock and D/A clock

External Clock

**Type:** Front panel female SSMC connector, sine wave, 0 to +10 dBm, AC-coupled, 50 ohms, accepts 10 to 800 MHz divider input clock or PLL system reference

Timing Bus: 26-pin connector LVPECL

bus includes, clock/sync/gate/PPS inputs and outputs; TTL signal for gate/trigger and sync/PPS inputs

Field Programmable Gate Array

**Standard:** Xilinx Virtex-7 XC7VX330T-2  
**Optional:** Xilinx Virtex-7 XC7VX690T-2

Custom I/O

**Option -104:** Provides 24 pairs of LVDS connections between the FPGA and the VPX P2 connector for custom I/O

**Option -105:** Provides one 8X or two 4X gigabit links between the FPGA and VPX P1 connector to support serial protocols.

Memory

**Type:** DDR3 SDRAM  
**Size:** Four banks, 1 GB each  
**Speed:** 800 MHz (1600 MHz DDR)

PCI-Express Interface

**PCI Express Bus:** Gen. 1, 2 or 3\*: x4

Environmental

**Operating Temp:** 0° to 50° C  
**Storage Temp:** -20° to 90° C  
**Relative Humidity:** 0 to 95%, non-cond.  
**Size:** 3.937 in. x 6.717 in. (100 mm x 170.6 mm)

Model 8267

The Model 8267 is a fully-integrated development system for Pentek Cobalt, Onyx and Flexor 3U VPX boards. It was created to save engineers and system integrators the time and expense associated with building and testing a development system that ensures optimum performance of Pentek boards.



Ordering Information

Model	Description
52751	2-Channel 500 MHz A/D with DDC, DUC with 2-Channel 800 MHz D/A, and a Virtex-7 FPGA - 3U VPX

Options:

-014	400 MHz, 14-bit A/Ds
-073	XC7VX330T-2 FPGA
-076	XC7VX690T-2 FPGA
-104	LVDS FPGA I/O to VPX P2
-105	Gigabit serial FPGA I/O to VPX P1

Contact Pentek for availability of rugged and conduction-cooled versions

Model	Description
8267	VPX Development System See 8267 Datasheet for Options

VPX Families

Pentek offers two families of 3U VPX products: the 52xxx and the 53xxx. For more information on a 53xxx product, please refer to the product datasheet. The table below provides a comparison of their main features.

VPX Family Comparison		
	52xxx	53xxx
Form Factor	3U VPX	
# of XMCs	One XMC	
Crossbar Switch	No	Yes
PCIe path	VPX P1	VPX P1 or P2
PCIe width	x4	x4 or x8
Option -104 path	24 pairs on VPX P2	20 pairs on VPX P2
Option -105 path	Two x4 or one x8 on VPX P1	Two x4 or one x8 on VPX P1 or P2
Lowest Power	Yes	No
Lowest Price	Yes	No

\* Gen 3 requires a compatible backplane and SBC